Managing chronic non-cancer pain

Movementbased therapies

- Physical/occupational therapy
- Supervised/graded physical activity

Integrative therapies

- Massage, counterstrain
- Chiropracty, acupuncture
- Supplements, antiinflammatory eating
- · Yoga, Tai Chi
- Mindfulness

Behavioral therapies

- Individual therapy
- Depression/anxiety group
- Health/pain group
- Social engagement plan
- Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT)

Medication

- NSAID/Acetaminophen
- Anticonvulsants
- Antidepressants
- Topical (lidocaine, capsacin)
- Immune modulators
- Muscle relaxants
- Buprenorphine
- Lowest effective opioid dose

Procedures

- Ice/heat
- Injections (joint, trigger point, epidural)
- Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation (TENS)
- Referrals (orthopedics, neurosurgery, pain clinic)

If opioid medication is part of the treatment plan, take the following steps:

- >> ASSESSMENTS OF RISK, ADHERENCE, FUNCTION AND PAIN: at least annually
- >> INFORMED CONSENT OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AGREEMENT: at least annually
- >> CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE MONITORING PROGRAM: check CURES every 4 months
- >> PRESCRIBE NALOXONE: every two years

If managing opioid use disorder, options include:

- Prescribe buprenorphine
- >> Arrange for methadone maintenance or extended-release naltrexone
- >> Arrange for residential or outpatient treatment



